

Survey on Coverage, **Operational Reach, and Effectiveness**

With our partner, <u>GeoPoll</u>, Humanitarian Outcomes surveyed crisis-affected populations in the following years and locations: 2019 - Afghanistan (N = 450), Central African Republic (N = 555), Northeast Nigeria (N = 460); 2021 - Iraq (N = 502), Tigray, Ethiopia (N = 460), Yemen (N = 426); 2022 - Democratic Republic of the Congo (N = 501), Myanmar (N = 641); 2023 - Haiti (N = 1011)

Did you receive humanitarian aid?



Only 4 out of every 10 respondents who reported a need for humanitarian aid actually received assistance

N = 5012

Primary type of aid received





22.4%

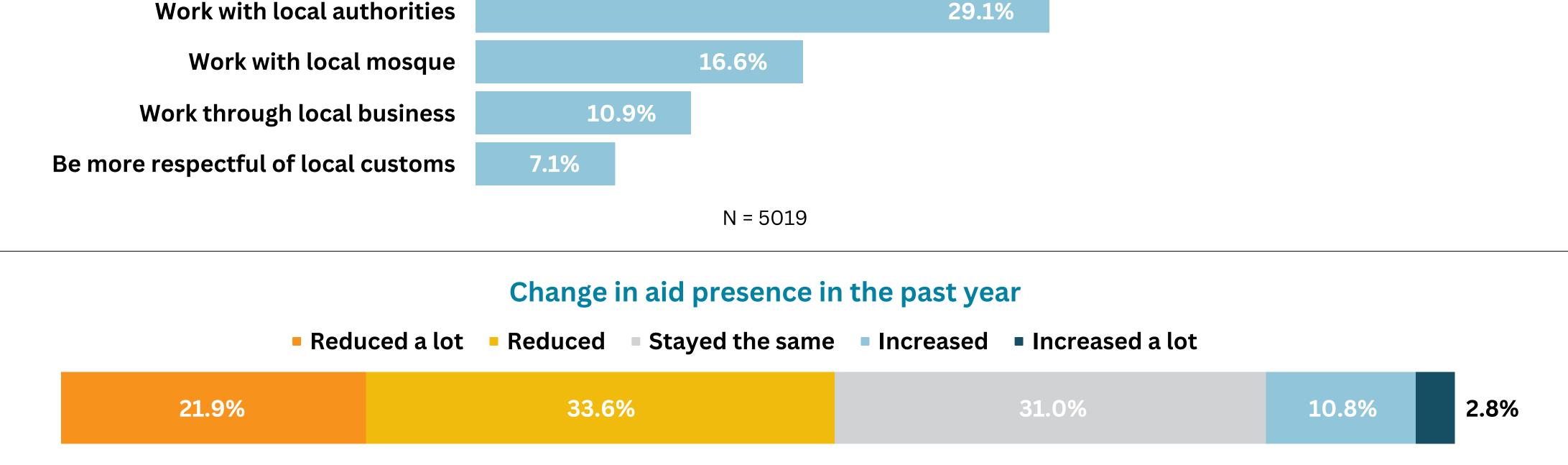
3. Medical care or medicines 17.0%

N = 2137

Did the aid reach where it was needed most? Not at all Not really Neutral Mostly yes Yes - very much					
29.2%	32.2%	14.1%	17.9%	6.5%	
Almost two-thirds (61.4%) of the respondents felt the aid did not reach where it was most needed $N = 4346$					
Obstacles to humanitarian access as identified by respondents					
Most affected areas not prioritized			16.8%		
Unsafe for aid workers			16.3%		
Bad roads		13.2%			
Government restrictions		12.8%			
Other armed actors' restrictions	7.3%				

Strategies to enhance the reach of aid providers as identified by respondents

Consult more with local community		49.3%
Work with local authorities	20 10/	



Over half (55.5%) of the respondents reported a reduction in aid presence over the past year

N = 4951

Humanitarian Outcomes

This infographic is based on data from Humanitarian Outcomes' programme on Coverage, Operational Reach, and Effectiveness (CORE). The CORE programme is made possible by funding support from USAID and is available online at https://www.humanitarianoutcomes.org/projects/core